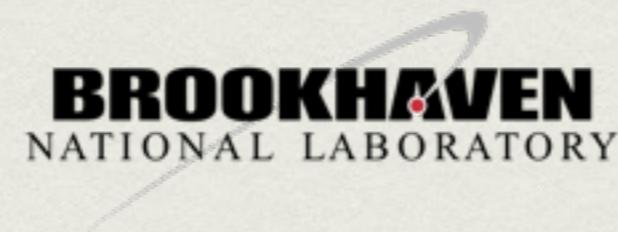


ACCURATE, REALISTIC, AND AUTOMATIC PREDICTIONS FOR DARK MATTER PRODUCTION AT THE LHC

Cen Zhang



based on arXiv:1509.05785 (mono-Z @ NLO)
in collaboration with M. Neubert and J. Wang

Tools available at

<http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/DMsimp> ,

in collaboration with the authors of

(mono-j & ttbar) arXiv:1508.05327 (Backovic, Kramer, Maltoni, Martini, Mawatari, Pellen)

(loop-induced mono-j/Z/H) arXiv:1508.00564 (O. Mattelaer, E. Vryonidou)

SUMMARY

[1509.05785 Neubert, Wang and CZ]

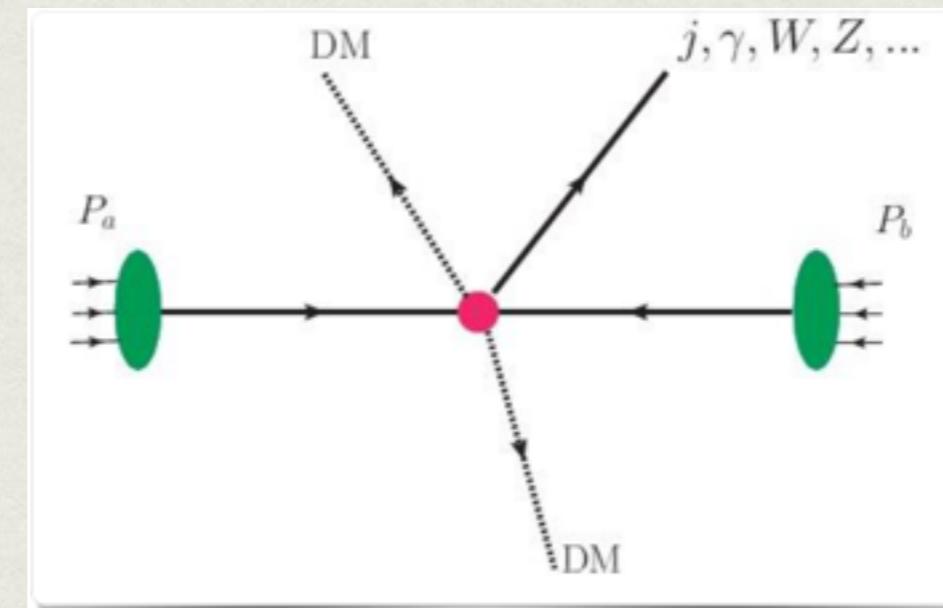
- We provide MC tool for DM production at the LHC. s-channel simplified models are implemented.
- It is based on the FeynRules/MadGraph5_aMC@NLO framework, and thus
 - Accurate: **next-to-leading** order in QCD.
 - Realistic: always matched to **parton shower**.
 - Automatic: events generated by a few command lines.
 - ...and in principle **any mono-X** signature, including loop-induced ones (but at LO).
- For illustration purpose we use it to study mono-Z production.

OUTLINE

- DM simplified model
- NLO implementation
- Example 1: mono-Z
- Example 2: mono-jet

DM AT THE LHC

DM production at the LHC can be searched in X+missing E_T final state



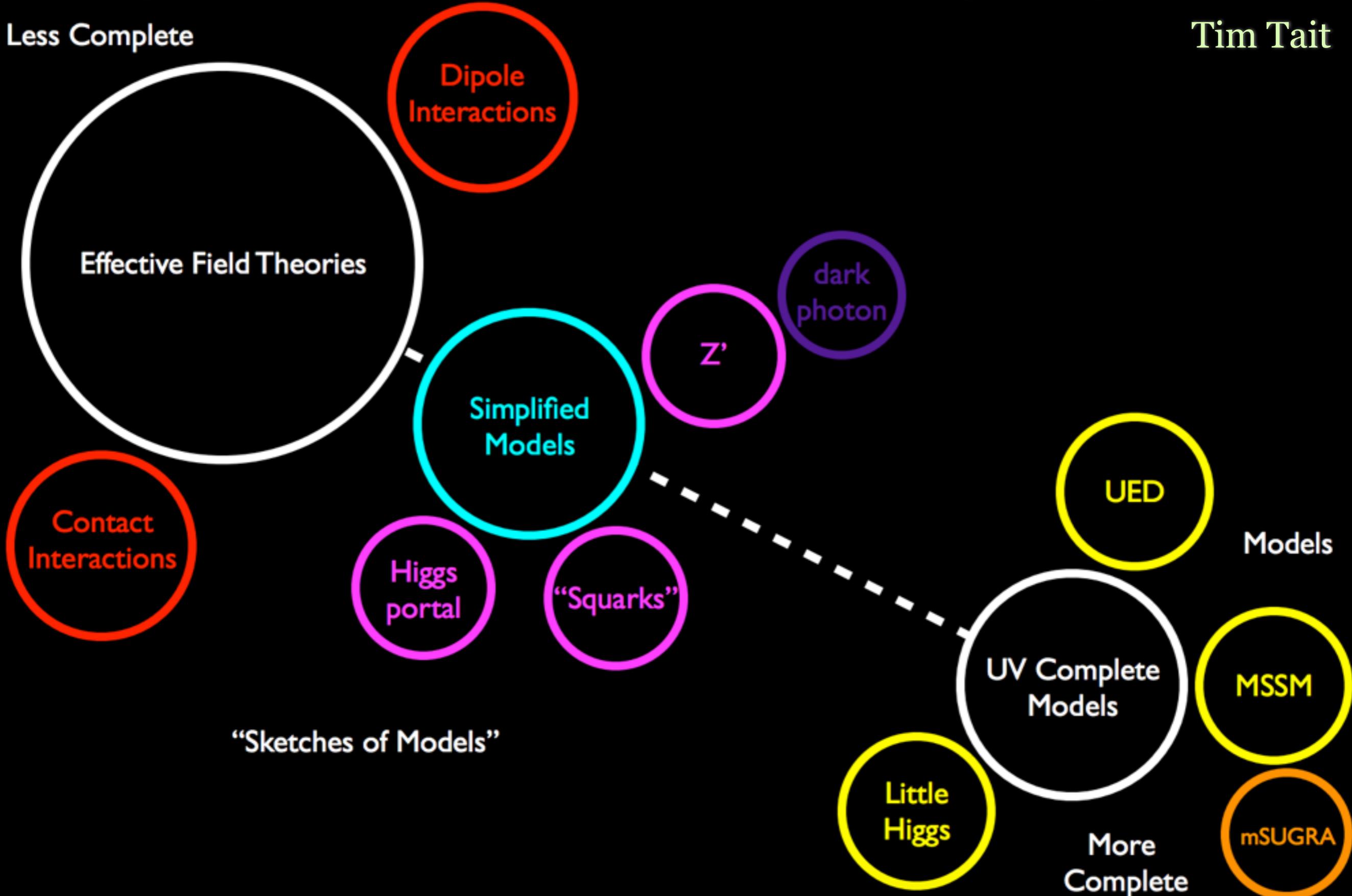
Mono-“X”

But, we **need a theory** to understand the signal and to set limits. (and to compare with other searches, i.e. direct/indirect detections.)

Spectrum of Theory Space

Less Complete

Tim Tait



SIMPLIFIED MODEL

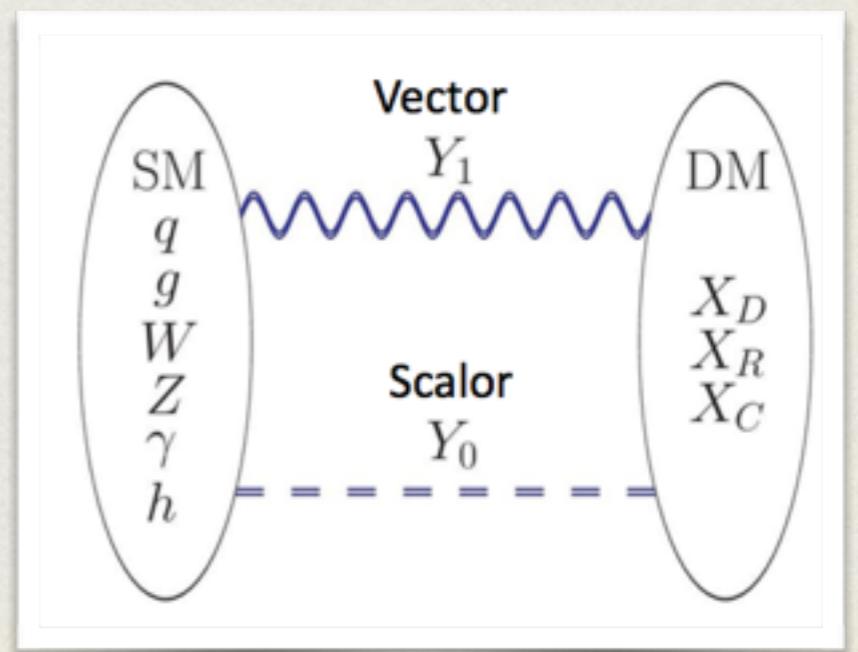
- Simplified model contains the **dark matter** as well as the most important **mediator particles**. [1409.2893 Abdallah et al.]
- Incorporate the most relevant degrees of freedom of an underlying UV model, while keeping some simplicity of EFT.
- The ATLAS/CMS DM forum has given **benchmark models/scenarios for RUN II** [1507.00966 Daniel Abercrombie et al.]
- As a first step, we consider s-channel simplified model.

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_1} = \sum_{i,j} \left[\bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{d_{ij}}^V + g_{d_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) d_j + \bar{u}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{u_{ij}}^V + g_{u_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) u_j \right] Y_1^\mu,$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_0} = \sum_{i,j} \left[\bar{d}_i \frac{y_i^d}{\sqrt{2}} (g_{d_{ij}}^S + i g_{d_{ij}}^P \gamma_5) d_j + \bar{u}_i \frac{y_i^u}{\sqrt{2}} (g_{u_{ij}}^S + i g_{u_{ij}}^P \gamma_5) u_j \right] Y_0,$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}^{Y_1} = \frac{i}{2} g_{X_C}^V [X_C^* (\partial_\mu X_C) - (\partial_\mu X_C^*) X_C] Y_1^\mu + \bar{X}_D \gamma_\mu (g_{X_D}^V + g_{X_D}^A \gamma_5) X_D Y_1^\mu,$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}^{Y_0} = \frac{1}{2} M_{X_R} g_{X_R}^S X_R X_R Y_0 + M_{X_C} g_{X_C}^S X_C^* X_C Y_0 + \bar{X}_D (g_{X_D}^S + i g_{X_D}^P \gamma_5) X_D Y_0.$$



SIMPLIFIED MODEL

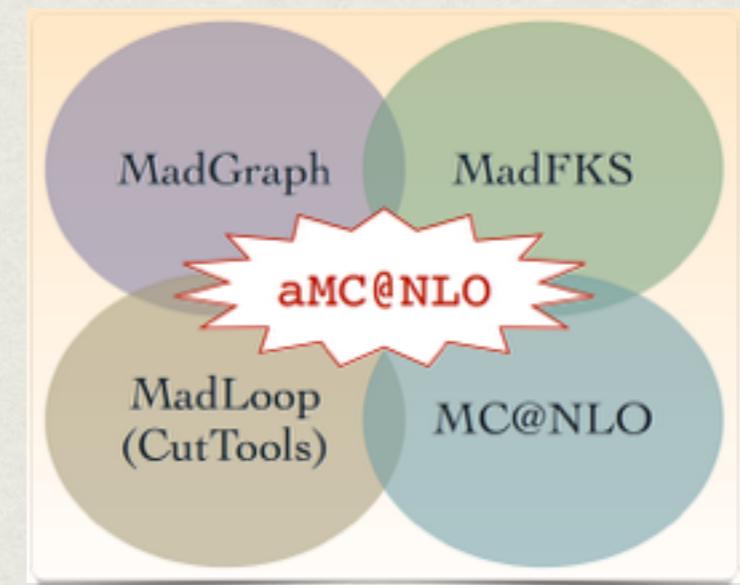
LHC will rely on **precise predictions** to analyze signal and set the most stringent bounds.

- However, predictions are (were) available only at the leading order except for mono-j.
- QCD NLO calculations (and MC tools) are available for mono-W/photon, but **only in EFT**.
- Complete NLO results are difficult to obtain because there are many possibilities:
 - **Processes:** mono-j/W/Z/photon/Higgs/t/ttbar etc.
 - **Mediators:** scalar/vector/tensor, s/t-channel
 - **Dark matter:** dirac/majorana/real and complex scalar
 - **Interactions:** S/P/V/A...

AUTOMATION WITH MG5_AMC

Instead of calculating all possibilities, we aim at providing a **generic tool** that is capable of all above

- The FeynRules MadGraph5_aMC@NLO (MG5) framework is ideal, as it supports **automatic NLO** predictions for custom **renormalizable models**.
[1310.1921 A. Alloul et al.]
- We need to provide the model file (for MG5, in **UFO** format), which contains all relevant information.
[1108.2040 C. Degrande et al.]
- In particular, including UV/R2 counterterms required at **NLO**.
[1406.3030 C. Degrande]



Automatic NLO: Loop+Real+PS

MODEL FILES

Available at <http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/DMsimp>.

Simplified dark matter models

Authors

- s-channel
 - Antony Martini (Université catholique de Louvain) & Kentarou Mawatari (Vrije Universiteit Brussel)
 - Emails: kentarou.mawatari @ vub.ac.be
- s-channel (electroweak)
 - Jian Wang (Johnnas Gutenberg University of Mainz) & Cen Zhang (Brookhaven National Laboratory)
 - Emails: cenzhang @ bnl.gov

Description of the model

This is simplified dark matter models for NLO. Our lagrangian consists of different types of DM:

- X_r (real scalar DM)
- X_c (complex scalar DM)
- X_d (Dirac spinor DM)
- X_m (Majorana spinor DM) (to be done.)
- ...

MODEL FILES

Available at <http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/DMsimp>.

Simplified dark matter models

Authors

Model files

- s-ch
• s-ch
- FR files (for spin-1)
 - [dm_s_spin1.fr](#) : the main model file for spin1 mediators.
 - [dm_s_spin1_ew.fr](#) : the add-on model file for spin1 mediators for EW.
 - [Cabibbo.rst, Massless_5f.rst](#) : the restriction files.
 - [DMsimp_s_spin1.nb](#) : this is an example Mathematica notebook that loads format.
- FR files (for spin-0)
 - [dm_s_spin0.fr](#) : the main model file for spin0 mediators.
 - [dm_s_spin0_ew.fr](#) : the add-on model file for spin0 mediators for EW.
 - [Cabibbo.rst, Massless_5f.rst](#) : the restriction files.
 - [DMsimp_s_spin0.nb](#) : this is an example Mathematica notebook that loads format.
- UFO files (for, e.g. MadGraph5_aMC@NLO)
 - [DMsimp_s_spin1.zip](#) : The model files for spin1 mediators.
 - [DMsimp_s_spin0.zip](#) : The model files for spin0 mediators.

Description

This is sim

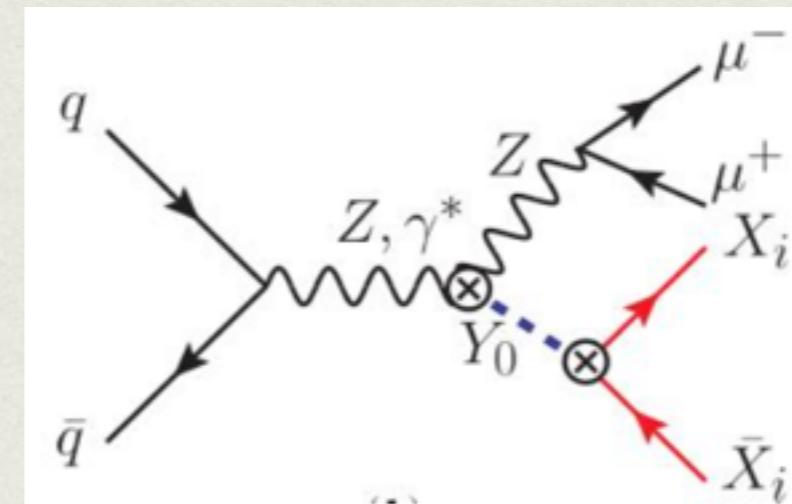
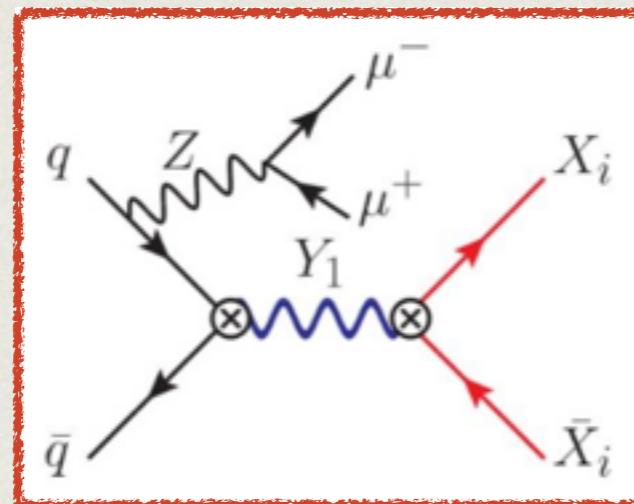
- Xr ()
- Xc ()
- Xd ()
- Xm ()
- ...

CURRENT STATUS

- **s-channel** simplified model with **scalar** and **vector** mediators.
[C. Degrande (Durham), K. Mawatari (VU Brussels), A. Martini (UC Louvain), J. Wang (Mainz), CZ]
 - **Validated** against similar SM processes.
 - Include couplings: X-X-Y (DM to med.), q-q-Y (quark to med.), and V-V-Y/H-H-Y (EW gauge/Higgs bosons to med.)
- Applications in several channels
 - Mono-j with vector mediator
[F. Maltoni, M. Backovic, A. Martini (UC Louvain), K.~Mawatari (VU Brussels)]
 - Mono-ttbar with scalar mediator
[M. Kraemer, M. Pellen (Aachen)]
 - Mono-Z with vector/scalar mediator
[M. Neubert, J. Wang (Mainz), CZ]
 - **Loop-induced** mono-j/Z/H
[O. Mattelaer, E. Vryonidou (UC Louvain)]
- **t-channel simplified model** (on going)
[B. Fuks et al. (Strasbourg)]

EXAMPLE 1: MONO-Z

Suppose we want to generate mono-Z



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_1} = \sum_{i,j} \left[\bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{d_{ij}}^V + g_{d_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) d_j + \bar{u}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{u_{ij}}^V + g_{u_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) u_j \right] Y_1^\mu$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}^{Y_1} = \frac{i}{2} g_{X_C}^V [X_C^* (\partial_\mu X_C) - (\partial_\mu X_C^*) X_C] Y_1^\mu + \bar{X}_D \gamma_\mu (g_{X_D}^V + g_{X_D}^A \gamma_5) X_D Y_1^\mu$$

To generate process:

```
>import model DMsimp_s_spin1_EW_UFO  
>define p = p b b~  
>define j = p  
>generate p p > z xd xd~ [QCD]  
>output some_DIR
```

To generate process:

```
>import model DMsimp_s_spin1_EW_UFO  
>define p = p b b~  
>define j = p  
>generate p p > z xd xd~ [QCD]  
>output some_DIR
```

some_DIR/index.html

SubProcesses and Feynman diagrams

Directory	Type	# Diagrams	# Subprocesses	FEYNMAN DIAGRAMS	SUBPROCESS
P0_ccx_zxdxdx	born	2	1	postscript	c c~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	8	1	postscript	c c~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 QED=1 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	c c~ > z xd xd~ g WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	g c~ > z xd xd~ c~ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	c g > z xd xd~ c WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
P0_cxc_zxdxdx	born	2	1	postscript	c~ c > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	8	1	postscript	c~ c > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 QED=1 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	c~ c > z xd xd~ g WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	g c > z xd xd~ c WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	c~ g > z xd xd~ c~ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
P0_ddx_zxdxdx	born	2	1	postscript	d d~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	8	1	postscript	d d~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 QED=1 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	d d~ > z xd xd~ g WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	g d~ > z xd xd~ d~ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	d g > z xd xd~ d WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]

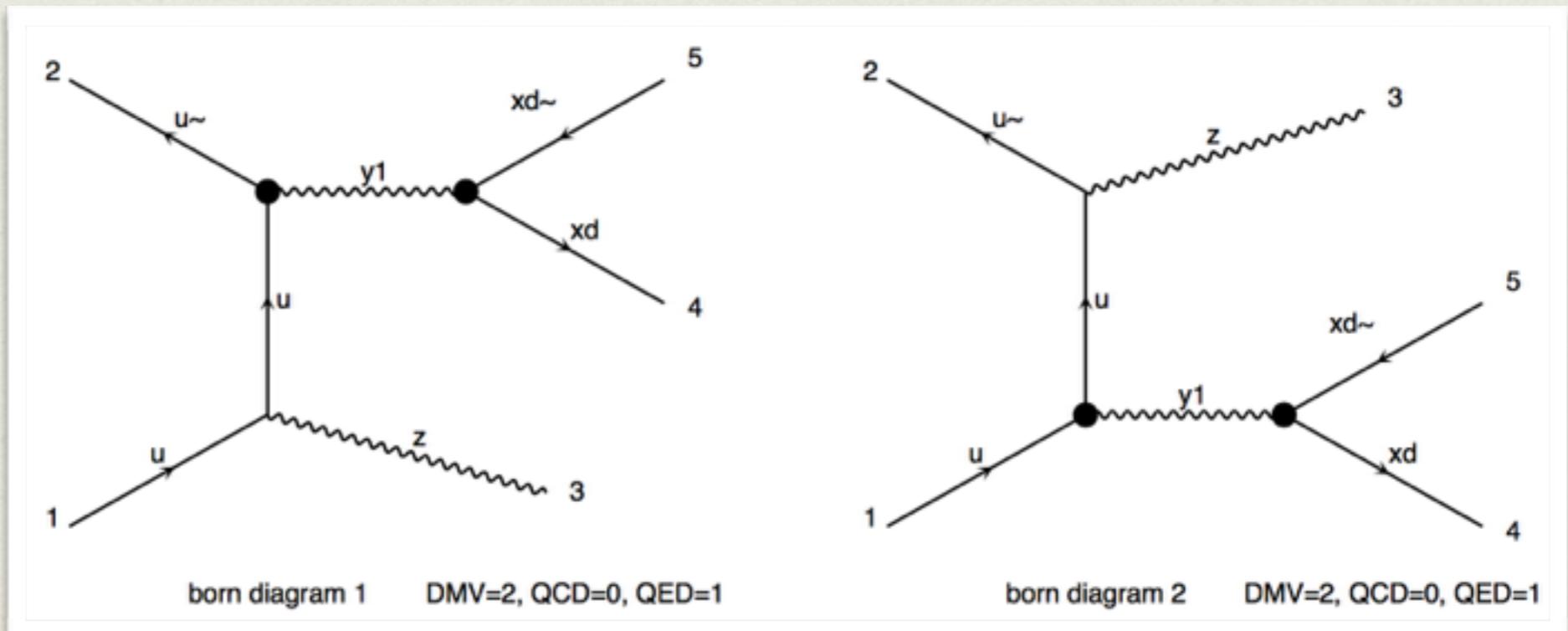
To generate process:

```
>import model DMsimp_s_spin1_EW_UFO  
>define p = p b b~  
>define j = p  
>generate p p > z xd xd~ [QCD]  
>output some_DIR
```

some_DIR/index.html

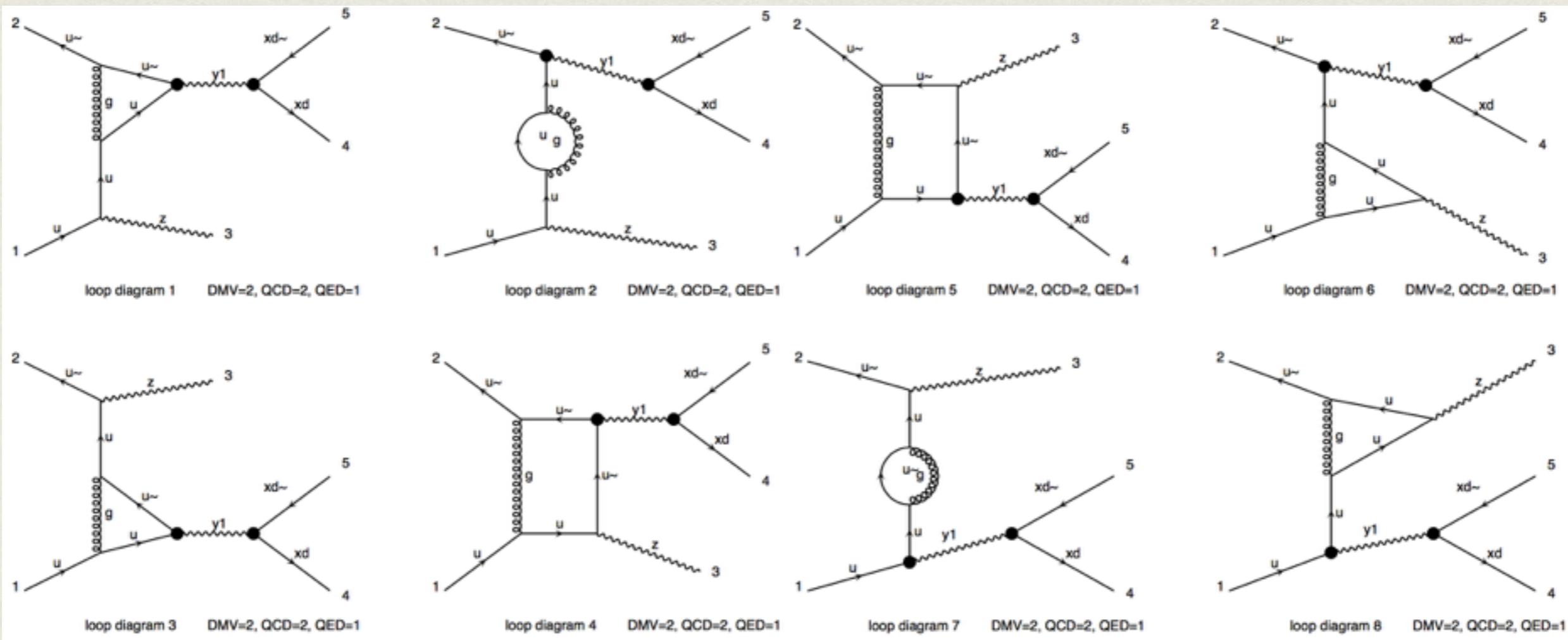
SubProcesses and Feynman diagrams

Directory	Type	# Diagrams	# Subprocesses	FEYNMAN DIAGRAMS	SUBPROCESS
P0_ccx_zxdxdx	born	2	1	postscript	c c~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	8	1	postscript	c c~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 QED=1 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	c c~ > z xd xd~ g WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	g c~ > z xd xd~ c~ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	c g > z xd xd~ c WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]



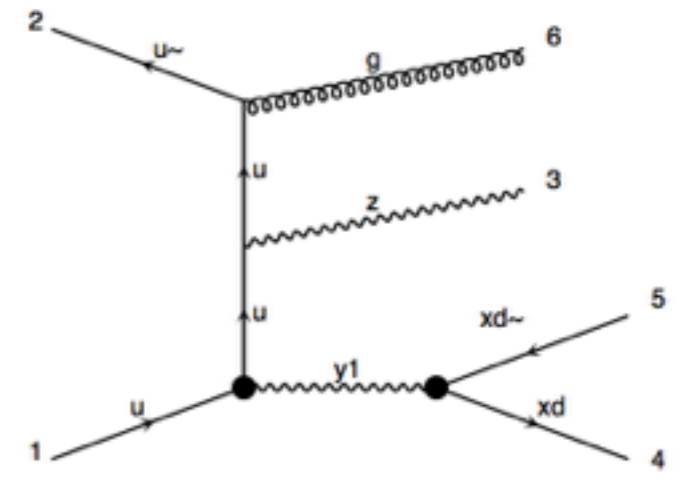
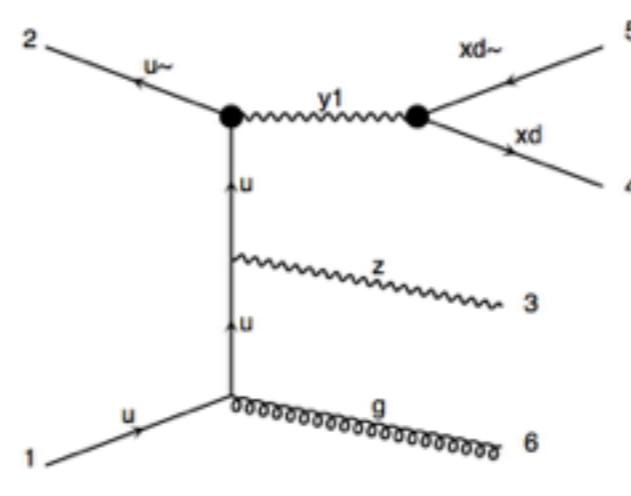
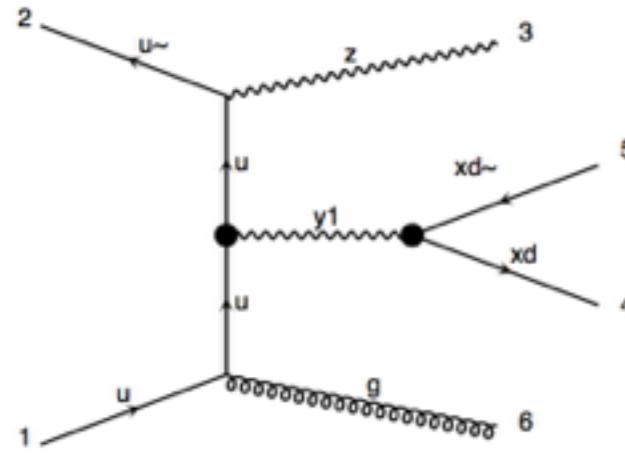
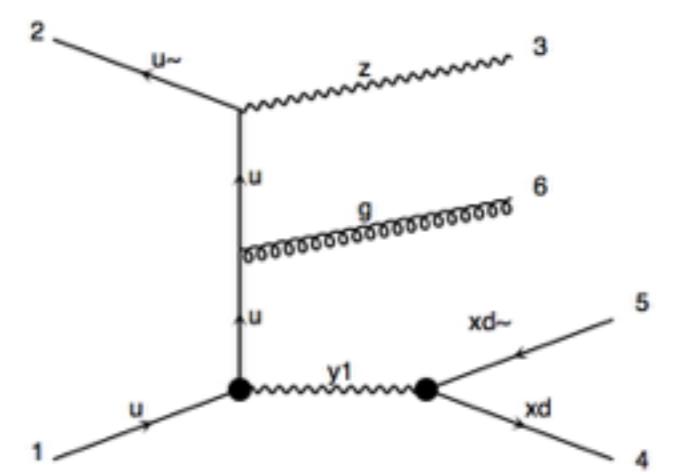
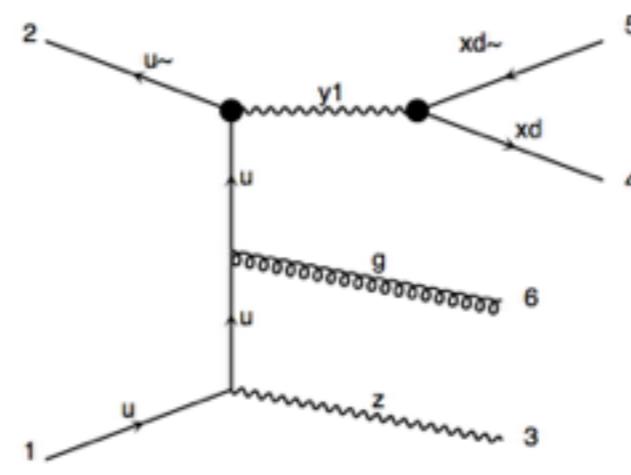
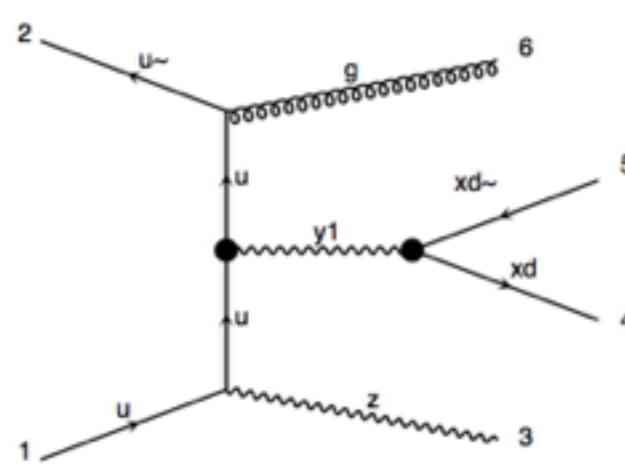
P0_uux_zxdxdx	born	2	1	postscript	$u \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	8	1	postscript	$u \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d$ WEIGHTED=6 QED=1 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	$u \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d g$ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	$g \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d u$ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	$u g \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d u$ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]

QCD corrections: virtual



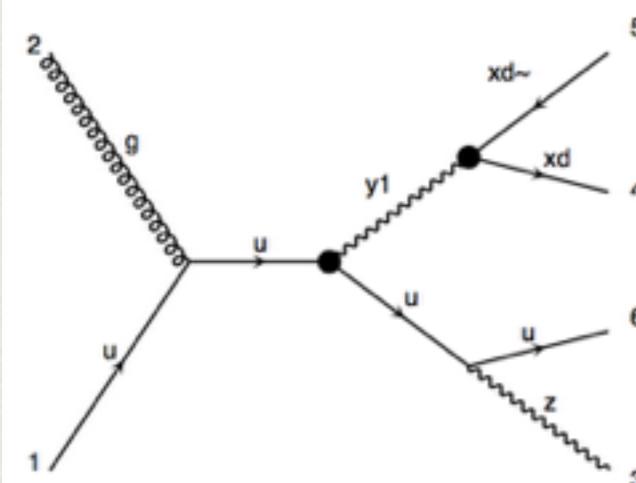
P0_uux_zxdxdx	born	2	1	postscript	$u \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d \text{ WEIGHTED}=6 \text{ DMV}=2 [\text{QCD}]$
	virt	8	1	postscript	$u \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d \text{ WEIGHTED}=6 \text{ QED}=1 \text{ DMV}=2 [\text{QCD}]$
	real	6	1	postscript	$u \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d g \text{ WEIGHTED}=7 \text{ DMV}=2 [\text{QCD}]$
	real	6	1	postscript	$g \bar{u} \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d u \text{ WEIGHTED}=7 \text{ DMV}=2 [\text{QCD}]$
	real	6	1	postscript	$u g \rightarrow z \bar{x}d \bar{x}d u \text{ WEIGHTED}=7 \text{ DMV}=2 [\text{QCD}]$

QCD corrections: real (qq channel)

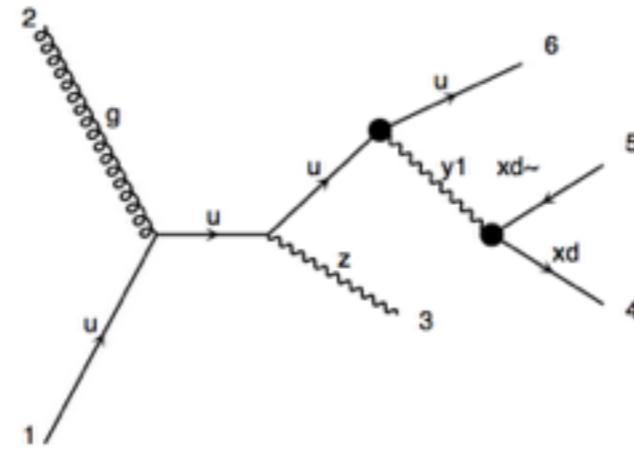


P0_uux_zxdxdx	born	2	1	postscript	u u~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	8	1	postscript	u u~ > z xd xd~ WEIGHTED=6 QED=1 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	u u~ > z xd xd~ g WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	g u~ > z xd xd~ u~ WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	6	1	postscript	u g > z xd xd~ u WEIGHTED=7 DMV=2 [QCD]

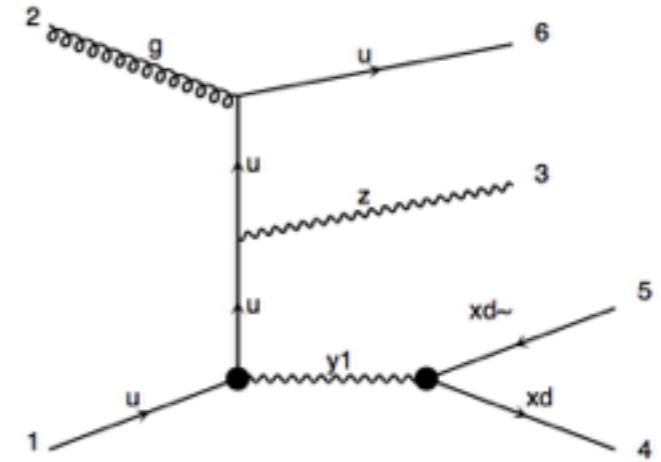
QCD corrections: real (qg channel)



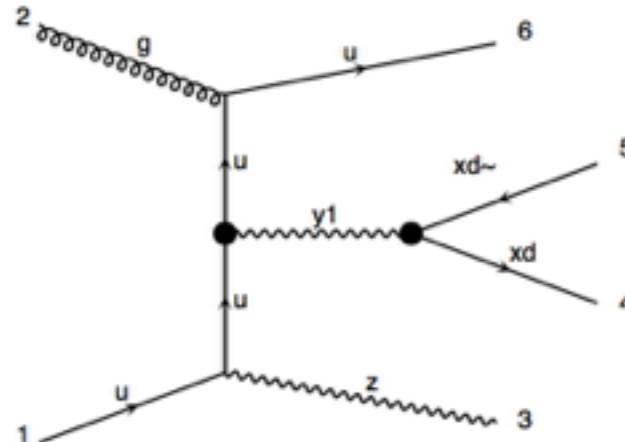
real diagram 1 DMV=2, QCD=1, QED=1



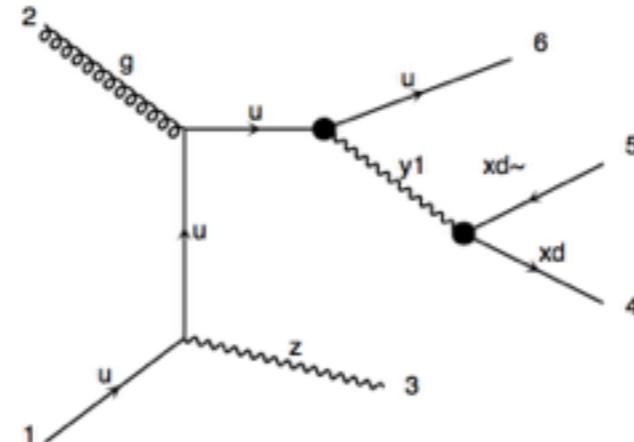
real diagram 2 DMV=2, QCD=1, QED=1



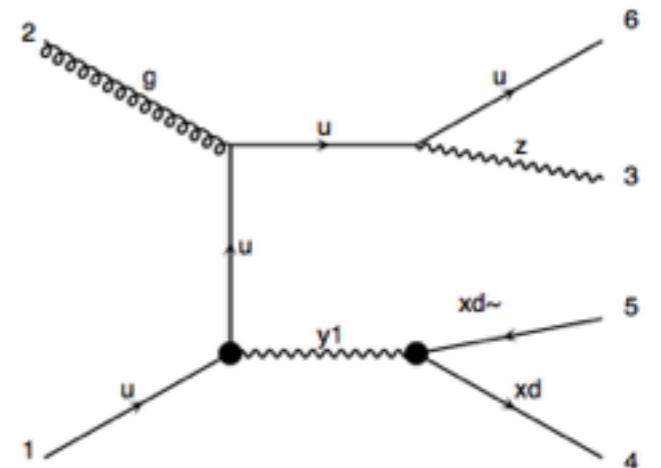
real diagram 5 DMV=2, QCD=1, QED=1



real diagram 3 DMV=2, QCD=1, QED=1



real diagram 4 DMV=2, QCD=1, QED=1



real diagram 6 DMV=2, QCD=1, QED=1

To run process:

```
>import model DMsimp_s_spin1_EW_UFO  
>define p = p b b~  
>define j = p  
>generate p p > z xd xd~ [QCD]  
>output monoz  
>launch
```

Run mode:

The following switches determine which operations are executed:

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| 1 Perturbative order of the calculation: | order=NLO |
| 2 Fixed order (no event generation and no MC@[N]LO matching): | fixed_order=OFF |
| 3 Shower the generated events: | shower=ON |
| 4 Decay particles with the MadSpin module: | madspin=OFF |
- Either type the switch number (1 to 4) to change its default setting,
or set any switch explicitly (e.g. type 'order=L0' at the prompt)
Type '0', 'auto', 'done' or just press enter when you are done.
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, auto, done, order=L0, order=NLO, ...][60s to answer]

>

Parameters:

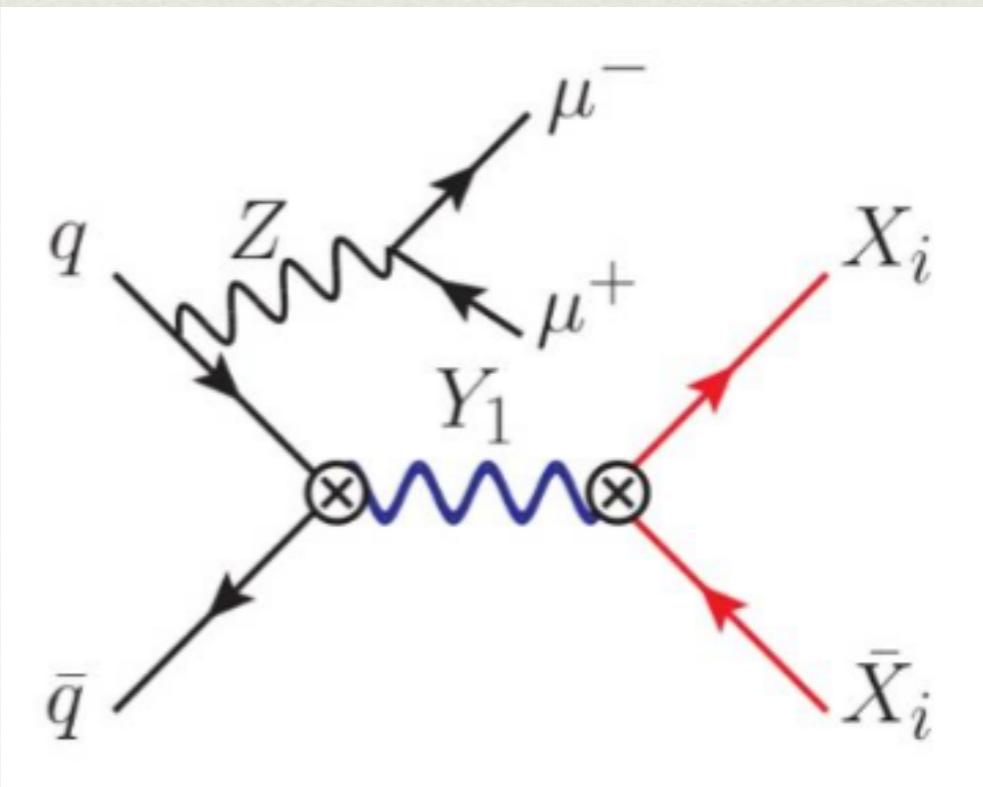
```
Do you want to edit a card (press enter to bypass editing)?  
1 / param      : param_card.dat  
2 / run        : run_card.dat  
3 / shower     : shower_card.dat  
you can also  
- enter the path to a valid card or banner.  
- use the 'set' command to modify a parameter directly.  
  The set option works only for param_card and run_card.  
  Type 'help set' for more information on this command.  
- call an external program (ASperGE/MadWidth/...).  
  Type 'help' for the list of available command  
[0, done, 1, param, 2, run, 3, shower, enter path]
```

>

```

17 ##########
18 ## INFORMATION FOR DMINPUTS
19 #########
20 Block dminputs
21   1 1.000000e+04 # Lambda
22   2 0.000000e+00 # gVXc
23   3 1.000000e+00 # gVXd
24   4 0.000000e+00 # gAXd
25   5 2.500000e-01 # gVd11
26   6 2.500000e-01 # gVu11
27   7 2.500000e-01 # gVd22
28   8 2.500000e-01 # gVu22
29   9 2.500000e-01 # gVd33
30  10 2.500000e-01 # gVu33
31  11 0.000000e+00 # gAd11
32  12 0.000000e+00 # gAu11
33  13 0.000000e+00 # gAd22
34  14 0.000000e+00 # gAu22
35  15 0.000000e+00 # gAd33
36  16 0.000000e+00 # gAu33
37  17 0.000000e+00 # gVh

```



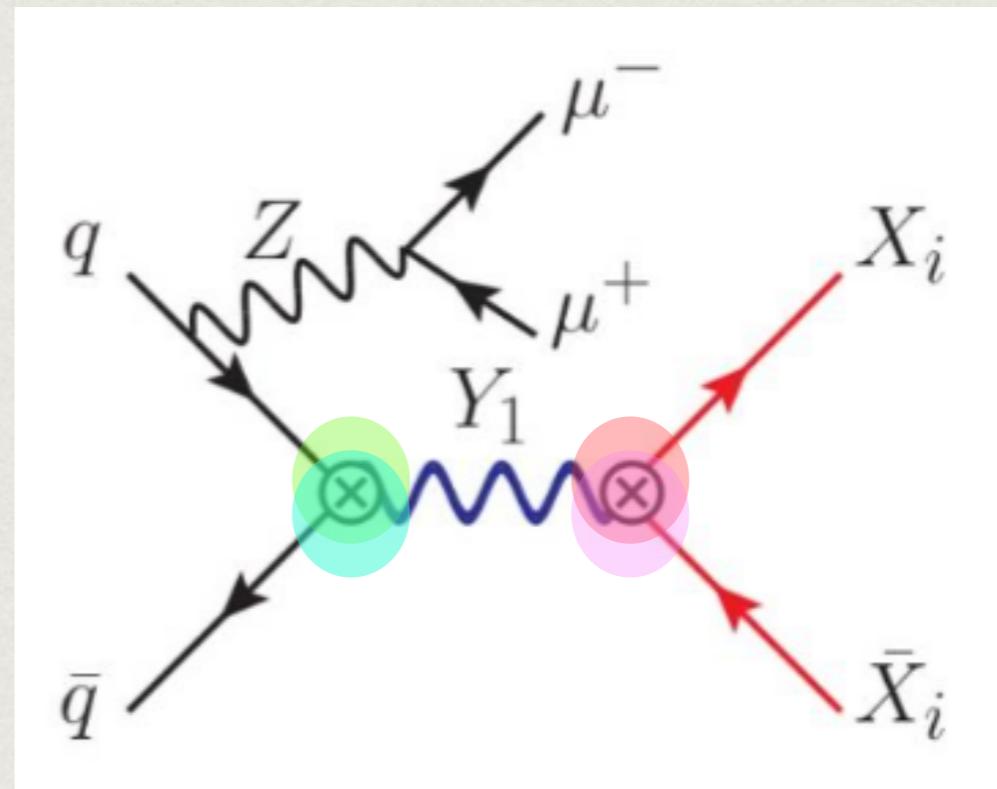
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_1} = \sum_{i,j} \left[\bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{d_{ij}}^V + g_{d_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) d_j + \bar{u}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{u_{ij}}^V + g_{u_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) u_j \right] Y_1^\mu .$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}^{Y_1} = \frac{i}{2} g_{X_C}^V [X_C^*(\partial_\mu X_C) - (\partial_\mu X_C^*) X_C] Y_1^\mu + \overline{X}_D \gamma_\mu (g_{X_D}^V + g_{X_D}^A \gamma_5) X_D Y_1^\mu$$

```

17 ##########
18 ## INFORMATION FOR DMINPUTS
19 #########
20 Block dminputs
21   1 1.000000e+04 # Lambda
22   2 0.000000e+00 # qVXc
23   3 1.000000e+00 # qVXd
24   4 0.000000e+00 # qAXd
25   5 2.500000e-01 # gVd11
26   6 2.500000e-01 # gVu11
27   7 2.500000e-01 # gVd22
28   8 2.500000e-01 # gVu22
29   9 2.500000e-01 # gVd33
30  10 2.500000e-01 # qVu33
31  11 0.000000e+00 # gAd11
32  12 0.000000e+00 # gAu11
33  13 0.000000e+00 # gAd22
34  14 0.000000e+00 # gAu22
35  15 0.000000e+00 # gAd33
36  16 0.000000e+00 # gAu33
37  17 0.000000e+00 # gVh

```



CP-even/CP-odd SM-Y1

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_1} = \sum_{i,j} \left[\bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{d_{ij}}^V + g_{d_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) d_j + \bar{u}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{u_{ij}}^V + g_{u_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) u_j \right] Y_1^\mu .$$

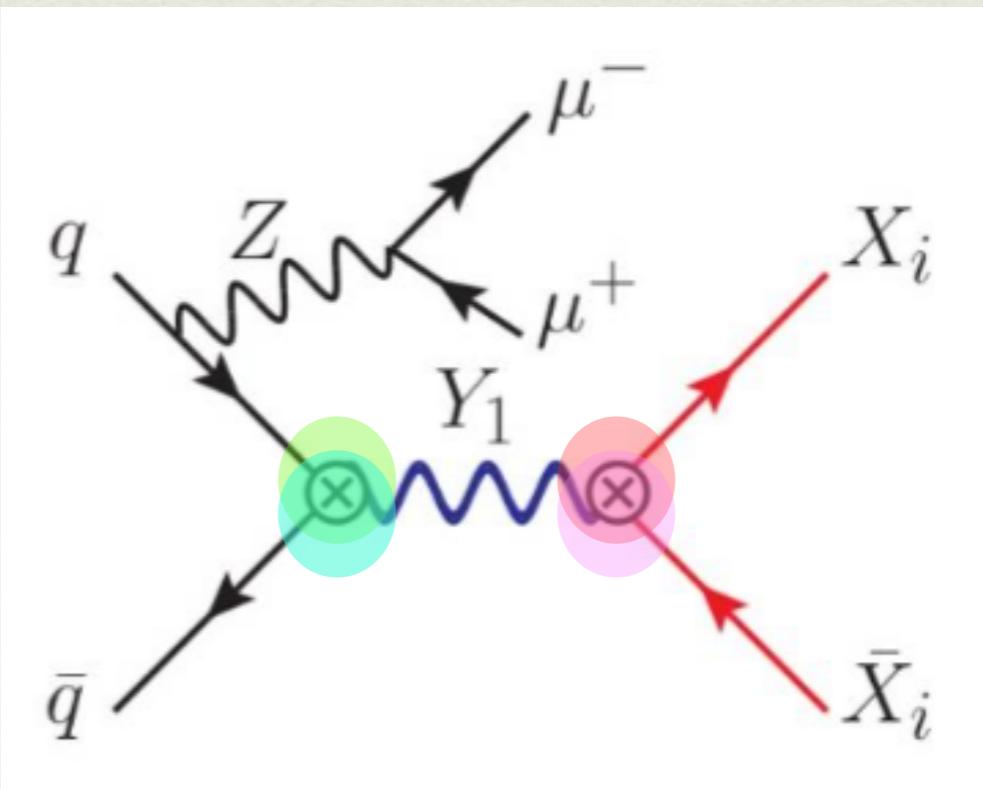
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}^{Y_1} = \frac{i}{2} g_{X_C}^V [X_C^*(\partial_\mu X_C) - (\partial_\mu X_C^*) X_C] Y_1^\mu + \overline{X}_D \gamma_\mu (g_{X_D}^V + g_{X_D}^A \gamma_5) X_D Y_1^\mu$$

CP-even/CP-odd DM-Y1

```

17 ##########
18 ## INFORMATION FOR DMINPUTS
19 #########
20 Block dminputs
21 1 1.000000e+04 # Lambda
22 2 0.000000e+00 # qVXc
23 3 1.000000e+00 # qVXd
24 4 0.000000e+00 # qAXd
25 5 2.500000e-01 # gVd11
26 6 2.500000e-01 # gVu11
27 7 2.500000e-01 # gVd22
28 8 2.500000e-01 # gVu22
29 9 2.500000e-01 # gVd33
30 10 2.500000e-01 # gVu33
31 11 0.000000e+00 # gAd11
32 12 0.000000e+00 # gAu11
33 13 0.000000e+00 # gAd22
34 14 0.000000e+00 # gAu22
35 15 0.000000e+00 # gAd33
36 16 0.000000e+00 # gAu33
37 17 0.000000e+00 # gVh

```



CP-even/CP-odd SM-Y1

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_1} = \sum_{i,j} \left[\bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{d_{ij}}^V + g_{d_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) d_j + \bar{u}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{u_{ij}}^V + g_{u_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) u_j \right] Y_1^\mu .$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}^{Y_1} = \frac{i}{2} g_{X_C}^V [X_C^*(\partial_\mu X_C) - (\partial_\mu X_C^*) X_C] Y_1^\mu + \bar{X}_D \gamma_\mu (g_{X_D}^V + g_{X_D}^A \gamma_5) X_D Y_1^\mu$$

CP-even/CP-odd DM-Y1

Mass & width

```

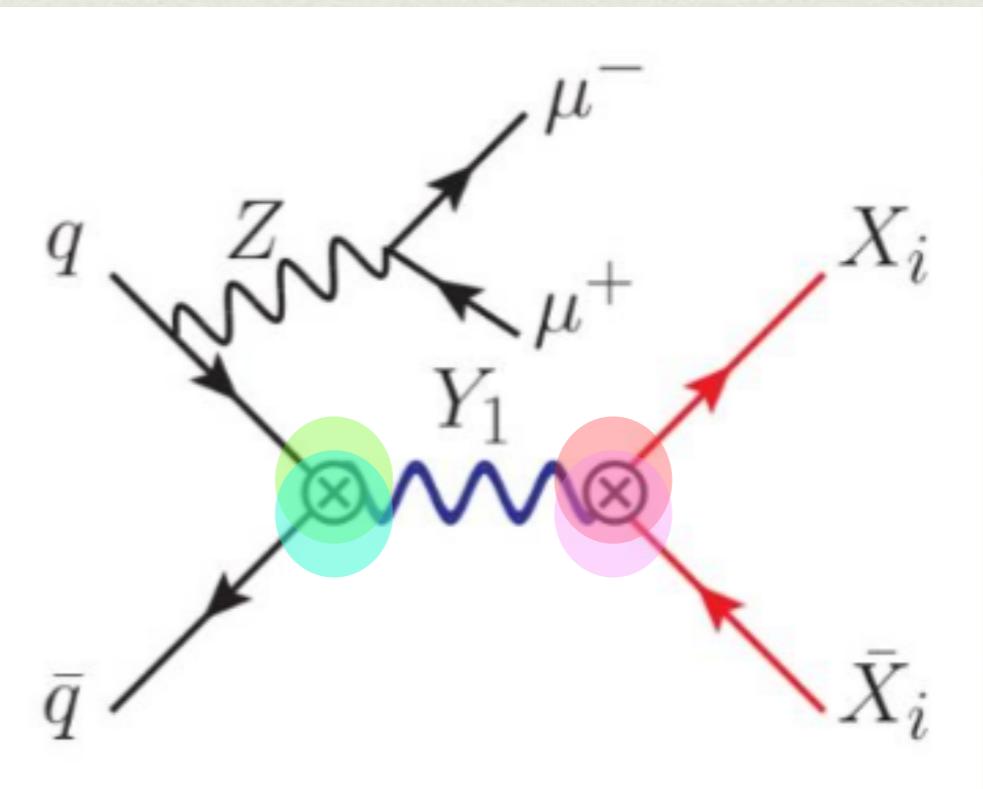
54      52 1.000000e+01 # MXd
55      55 1.000000e+03 # MY1
101 DECAY 55 Auto          # WY1

```

```

17 ##########
18 ## INFORMATION FOR DMINPUTS
19 #########
20 Block dminputs
21 1 1.000000e+04 # Lambda
22 2 0.000000e+00 # qVXc
23 3 1.000000e+00 # qVXd
24 4 0.000000e+00 # qAXd
25 5 2.500000e-01 # gVd11
26 6 2.500000e-01 # gVu11
27 7 2.500000e-01 # gVd22
28 8 2.500000e-01 # gVu22
29 9 2.500000e-01 # gVd33
30 10 2.500000e-01 # gVu33
31 11 0.000000e+00 # gAd11
32 12 0.000000e+00 # gAu11
33 13 0.000000e+00 # gAd22
34 14 0.000000e+00 # gAu22
35 15 0.000000e+00 # gAd33
36 16 0.000000e+00 # gAu33
37 17 0.000000e+00 # gVh

```



CP-even/CP-odd SM-Y1

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_1} = \sum_{i,j} \left[\bar{d}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{d_{ij}}^V + g_{d_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) d_j + \bar{u}_i \gamma_\mu (g_{u_{ij}}^V + g_{u_{ij}}^A \gamma_5) u_j \right] Y_1^\mu .$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}^{Y_1} = \frac{i}{2} g_{X_C}^V [X_C^*(\partial_\mu X_C) - (\partial_\mu X_C^*) X_C] Y_1^\mu + \bar{X}_D \gamma_\mu (g_{X_D}^V + g_{X_D}^A \gamma_5) X_D Y_1^\mu$$

CP-even/CP-odd DM-Y1

Mass & width

```

54      52 1.000000e+01 # MXd
55      55 1.000000e+03 # MY1
101 DECAY 55 Auto          # WY1

```

Find results at some_DIR/crossx.html

Run	Collider	Banner	Cross section (pb)	Events	Data	Output	Action
run_01	p p 6500 x 6500 GeV	tag 1	0.2627 ± 0.00054	10000	parton aMC@NLO	LHE	remove run
					shower aMC@NLO	HEP	remove run

cross section details

↑ showered events

Find results at some_DIR/crossx.html

Run	Collider	Banner	Cross section (pb)	Events	Data	Output	Action
run_01	p p 6500 x 6500 GeV	tag 1	0.2627 ± 0.00054	10000	parton aMC@NLO	LHE	remove run
					shower aMC@NLO	HEP	remove run

cross section details

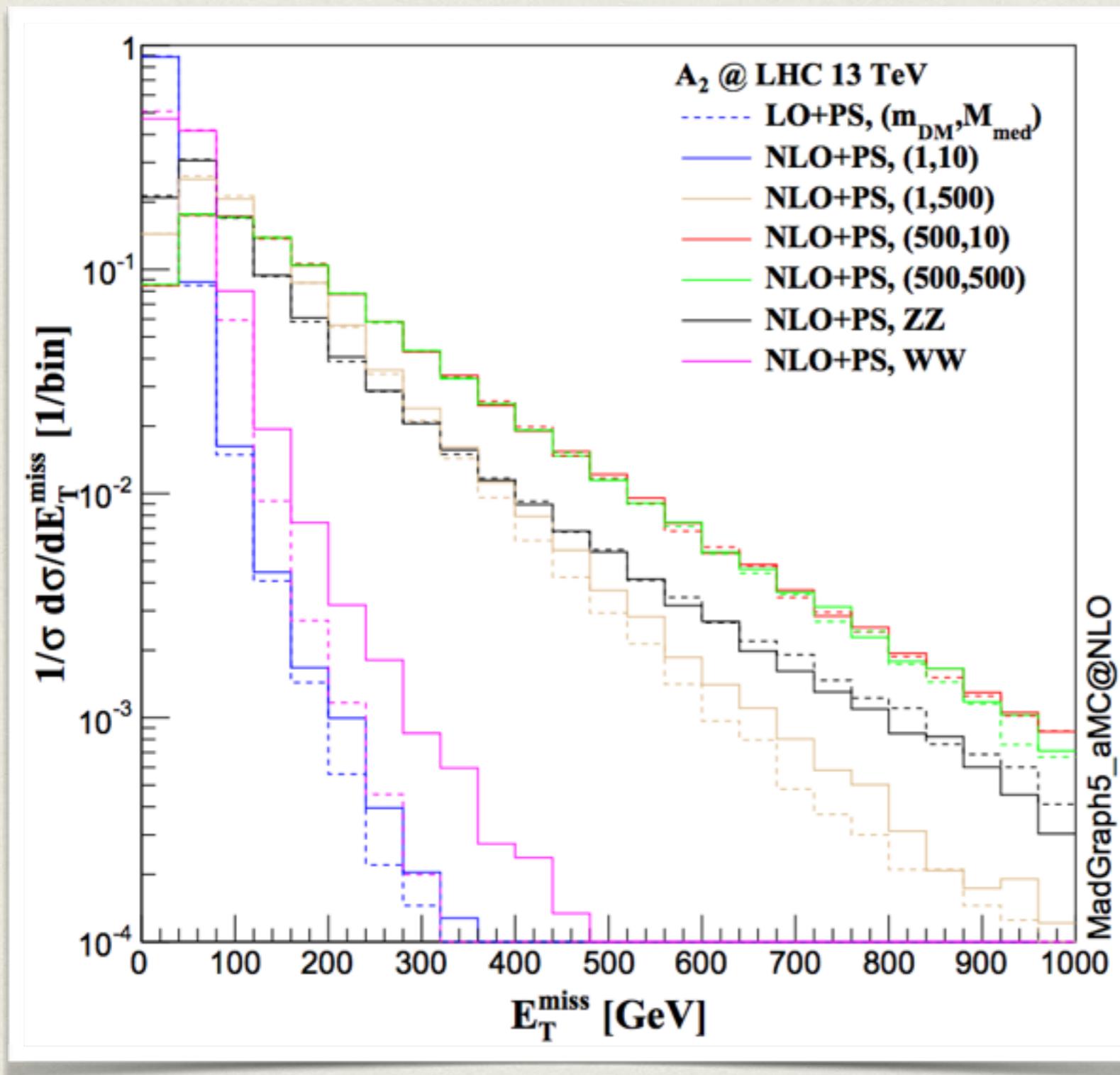
↑ showered events

e.g. cross sections for axial coupling case, LHC13, in pb

m_{DM} [GeV]	M_{med} [GeV]									
	10	20	50	100	200	300	500	1000	2000	10000
1	8.5	3.5	1.0	0.35	0.10	4.5e-2	1.3e-2	1.7e-3	1.1e-4	1.3e-8
10	4.6e-2	5.8e-2	0.90	0.34						1.3e-8
50	2.5e-3		2.9e-3	6.6e-3	8.0e-2	4.1e-2				1.2e-8
150	2.0e-4				3.0e-4	8.5e-4	8.8e-3	1.6e-3		1.0e-8
500	3.5e-6					4.5e-6	2.8e-5	7.8e-5	4.1e-9	
1000	1e-7						1.4e-7	1.3e-6	9.4e-10	
m_{DM} [GeV]	K-factor									
1	1.57	1.46	1.49	1.48	1.42	1.39	1.38	1.35	1.29	1.29
10	1.49	1.50	1.48	1.47						1.29
50	1.41		1.42	1.43	1.42	1.41				1.29
150	1.38				1.38	1.39	1.40	1.36		1.29
500	1.33					1.34	1.36	1.29	1.23	
1000	1.21						1.22	1.27	1.09	

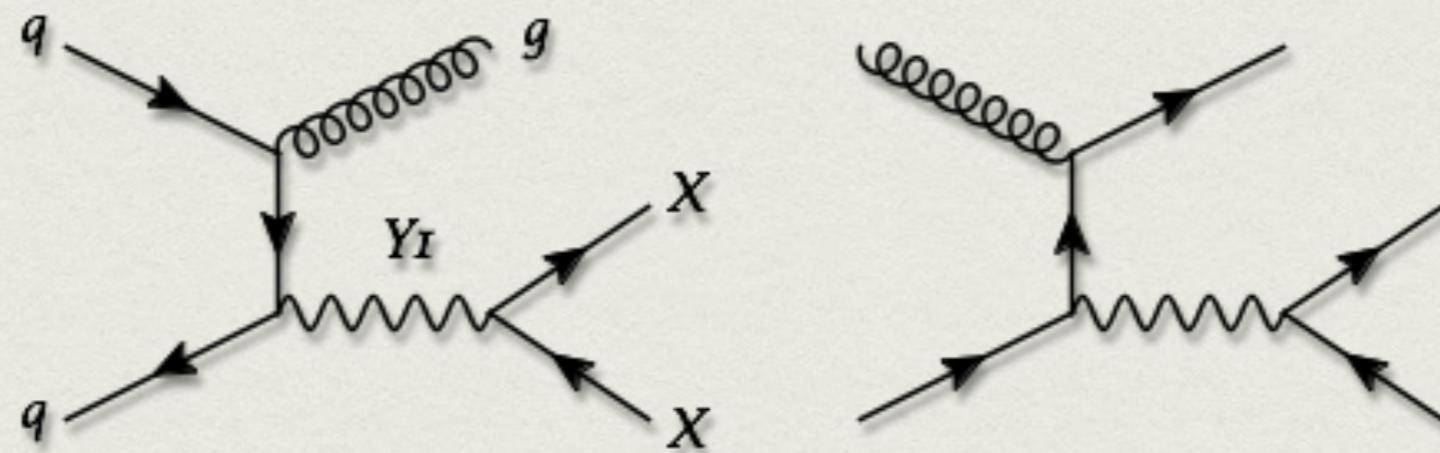
Benchmark points are chosen according to DM forum
[1507.00966 Daniel Abercrombie et al.]

Distributions (with parton shower)



More details in
[1509.05785 Neubert, Wang and CZ]

EXAMPLE 2: MONO-JET

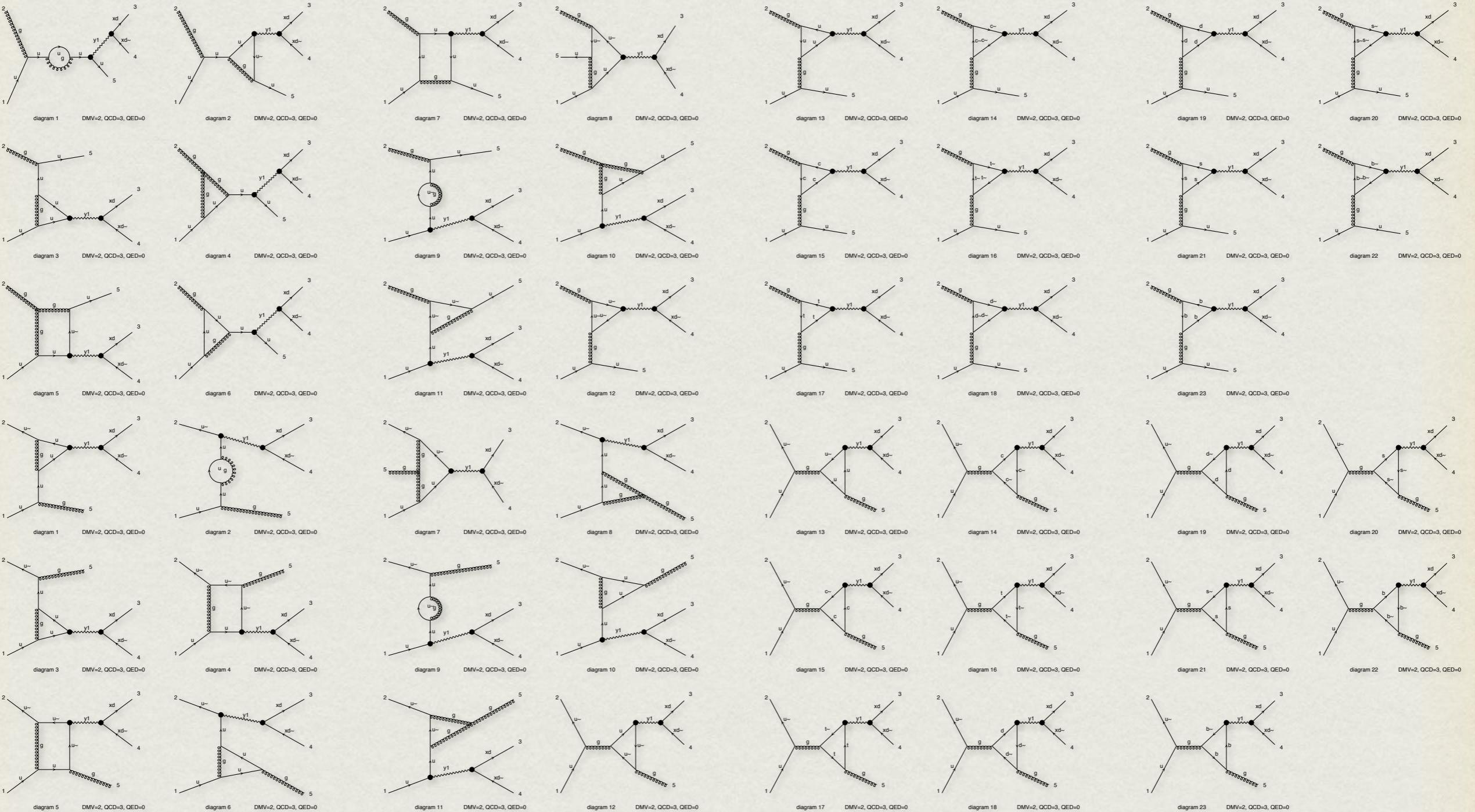


```
>import model DMsimp_s_spin1_EW_UFO  
>define p = p b b~  
>define j = p  
>generate p p > j xd xd~ [QCD]  
>output some_DIR  
>launch
```

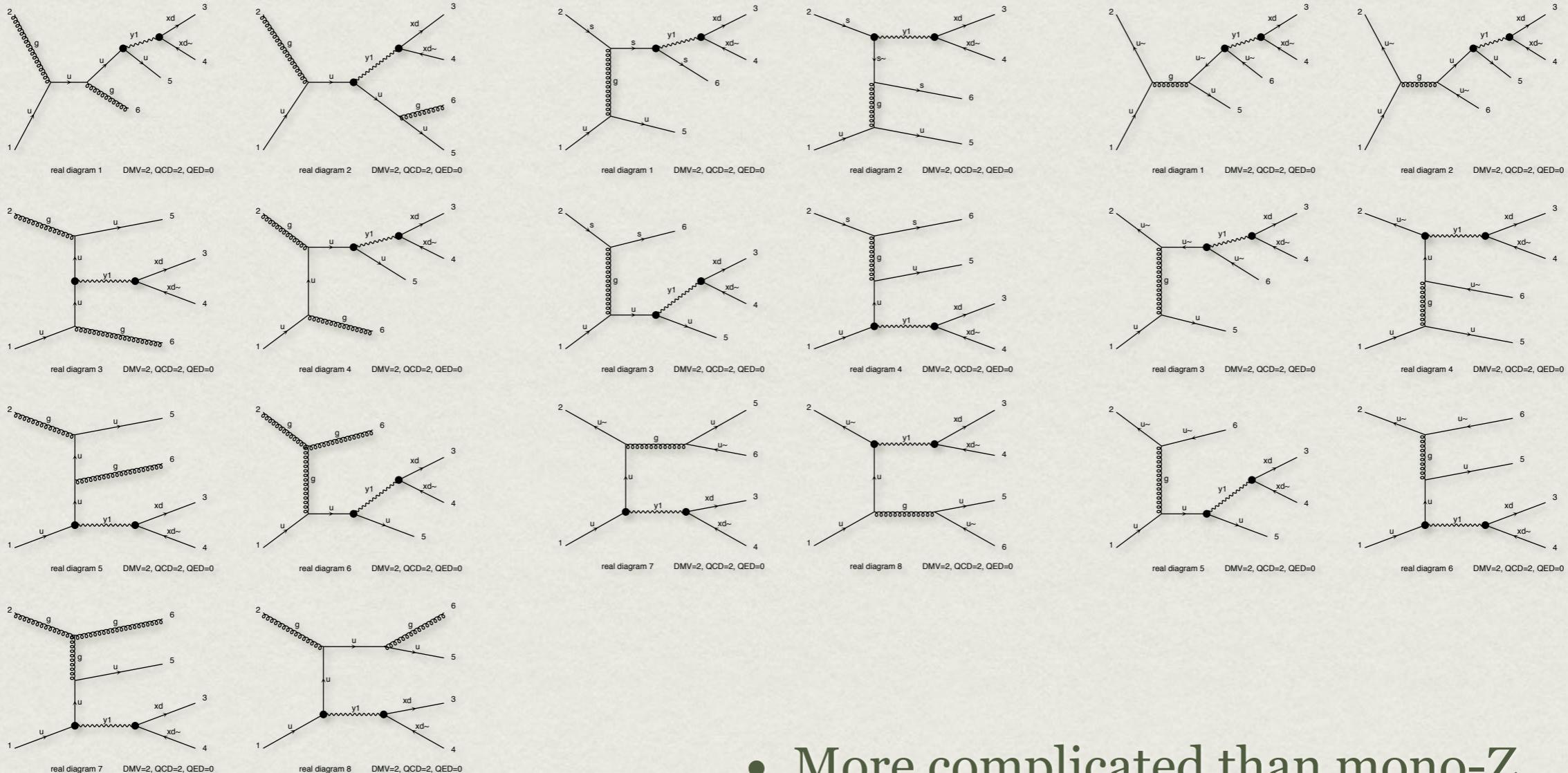
A list of sub-channels for mono-jet

P0_ug_xdxdu	born	2	1	postscript	$u\ g > xd\ xd\sim u$ WEIGHTED=5 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	23	1	postscript	$u\ g > xd\ xd\sim u$ WEIGHTED=5 DMV=2 QCD=1 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$u\ g > xd\ xd\sim u\ g$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ s > xd\ xd\sim u\ s$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ b\sim > xd\ xd\sim u\ b\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ b > xd\ xd\sim u\ b$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$g\ g > xd\ xd\sim u\ u\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim u\ u\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$u\ u > xd\ xd\sim u\ u$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ c\sim > xd\ xd\sim u\ c\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ c > xd\ xd\sim u\ c$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ d\sim > xd\ xd\sim u\ d\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ d > xd\ xd\sim u\ d$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ s\sim > xd\ xd\sim u\ s\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
P0_uux_xdxdxg	born	2	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim g$ WEIGHTED=5 DMV=2 [QCD]
	virt	23	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim g$ WEIGHTED=5 DMV=2 QCD=1 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim g\ g$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$g\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim u\sim g$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$u\ g > xd\ xd\sim u\ g$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	8	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim u\ u\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim c\ c\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim d\ d\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim s\ s\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]
	real	4	1	postscript	$u\ u\sim > xd\ xd\sim b\ b\sim$ WEIGHTED=6 DMV=2 [QCD]

Virtual correction (gu and uubar channel)



Real correction (gu, uubar and uqbar channels)



- More complicated than mono-Z.
...but, other than this there is no real difference than mono-Z channel

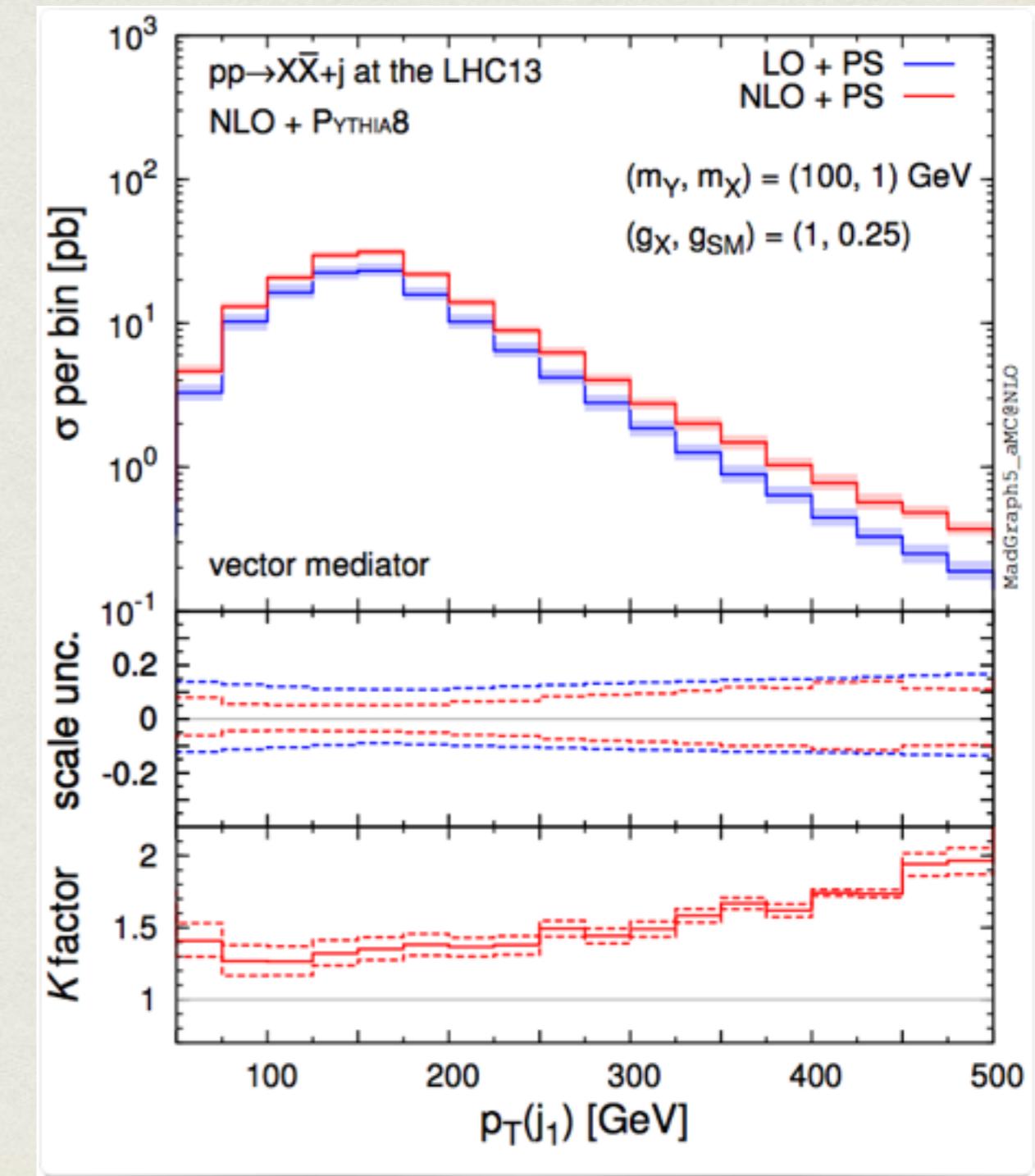
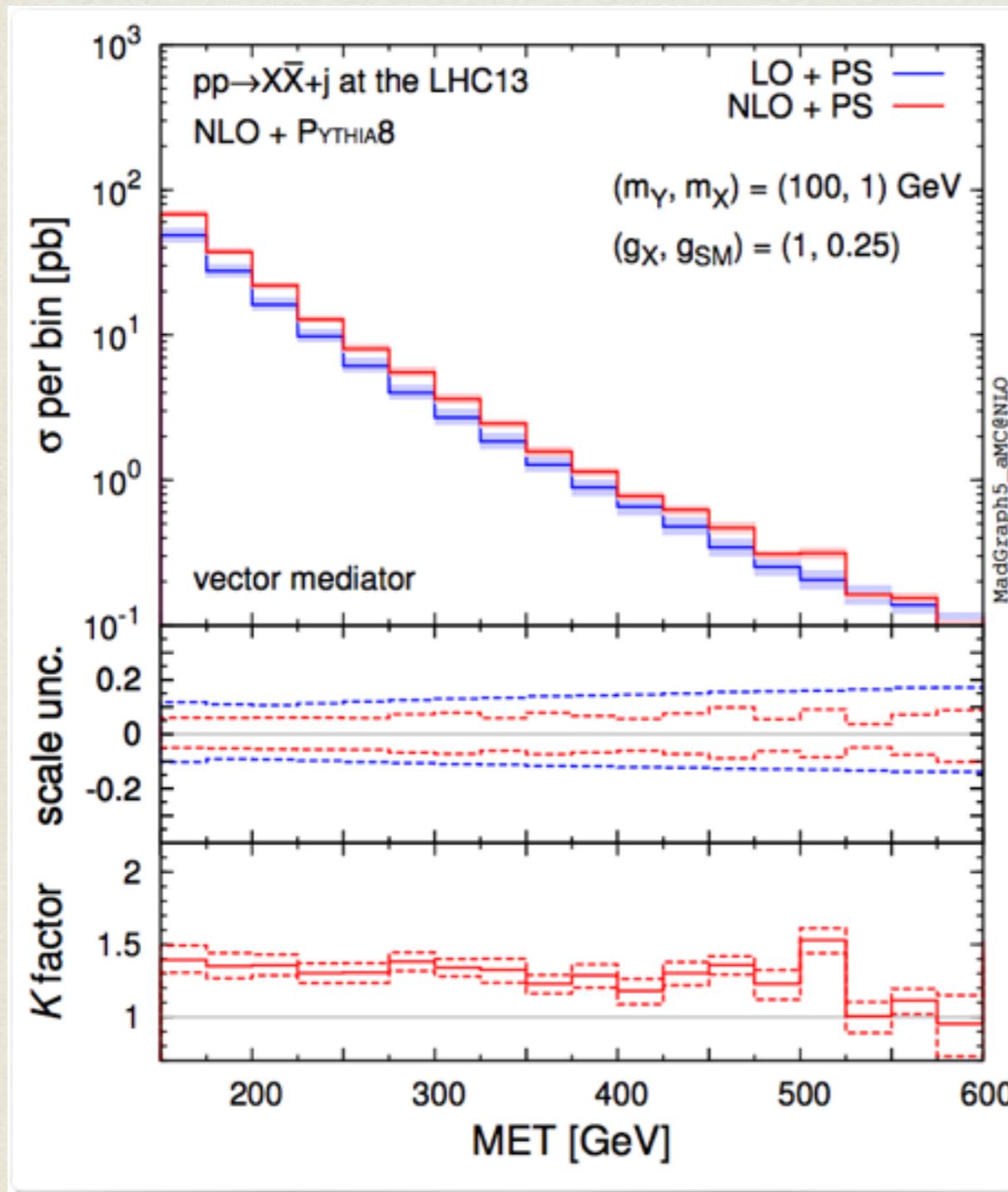
Some results for mono-j: total cross sections at LHC13

[arXiv:1508.05327 Backovic et al.]

(m_Y, m_X) [GeV]				vector		
			MET > 150 GeV	MET > 300 GeV	MET > 500 GeV	
10	undecayed	σ_{LO} [pb]	$2.923 \times 10^2 {}^{+10.7}_{-8.9} \pm 1.6\%$	$1.734 \times 10^1 {}^{+14.2}_{-11.9} \pm 1.1\%$	$1.695 \times 10^0 {}^{+17.4}_{-14.0} \pm 1.8\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$5.093 \times 10^2 {}^{+10.3}_{-8.2} \pm 0.5\%$	$2.689 \times 10^1 {}^{+10.4}_{-9.1} \pm 0.6\%$	$2.433 \times 10^0 {}^{+11.1}_{-10.0} \pm 1.1\%$	
		K factor	1.74	1.55	1.44	
(10, 1)	$m_Y > 2m_X$	σ_{LO} [pb]	$1.605 \times 10^2 {}^{+10.7}_{-8.9} \pm 1.6\%$	$0.978 \times 10^1 {}^{+14.3}_{-12.0} \pm 1.1\%$	$0.970 \times 10^0 {}^{+17.4}_{-14.1} \pm 2.0\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$2.818 \times 10^2 {}^{+10.1}_{-8.1} \pm 0.5\%$	$1.517 \times 10^1 {}^{+10.0}_{-8.9} \pm 0.6\%$	$1.345 \times 10^0 {}^{+10.5}_{-9.6} \pm 1.1\%$	
		K factor	1.76	1.55	1.39	
(10, 50)	$m_Y < 2m_X$	σ_{LO} [pb]	$2.434 \times 10^0 {}^{+11.8}_{-10.1} \pm 1.5\%$	$2.843 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+15.0}_{-12.5} \pm 1.2\%$	$3.786 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+18.0}_{-14.5} \pm 2.4\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$3.198 \times 10^0 {}^{+5.6}_{-5.4} \pm 0.5\%$	$3.485 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+5.9}_{-6.3} \pm 0.7\%$	$4.325 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+7.3}_{-7.8} \pm 1.3\%$	
		K factor	1.31	1.23	1.14	
(10, 500)	$m_Y < 2m_X$	σ_{LO} [pb]	$6.968 \times 10^{-3} {}^{+17.4}_{-14.0} \pm 4.3\%$	$2.314 \times 10^{-3} {}^{+18.9}_{-15.0} \pm 4.6\%$	$7.317 \times 10^{-4} {}^{+20.6}_{-16.1} \pm 5.6\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$7.698 \times 10^{-3} {}^{+5.4}_{-6.4} \pm 2.2\%$	$2.385 \times 10^{-3} {}^{+5.7}_{-6.9} \pm 2.3\%$	$6.800 \times 10^{-4} {}^{+5.5}_{-7.1} \pm 2.6\%$	
		K factor	1.10	1.03	0.93	
1000	undecayed	σ_{LO} [pb]	$2.248 \times 10^0 {}^{+16.1}_{-13.2} \pm 3.2\%$	$6.865 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+17.7}_{-14.3} \pm 3.3\%$	$1.979 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+19.6}_{-15.5} \pm 4.1\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$2.601 \times 10^0 {}^{+5.1}_{-6.0} \pm 1.7\%$	$7.393 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+5.2}_{-6.4} \pm 1.8\%$	$1.909 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+5.3}_{-6.8} \pm 2.1\%$	
		K factor	1.16	1.08	0.96	
(1000, 1)	$m_Y > 2m_X$	σ_{LO} [pb]	$1.093 \times 10^0 {}^{+16.4}_{-13.3} \pm 3.1\%$	$3.278 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+18.0}_{-14.4} \pm 3.3\%$	$9.182 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+19.7}_{-15.6} \pm 4.1\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$1.215 \times 10^0 {}^{+4.2}_{-5.5} \pm 1.7\%$	$3.399 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+4.5}_{-6.0} \pm 1.7\%$	$8.743 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+4.8}_{-6.5} \pm 2.0\%$	
		K factor	1.11	1.04	0.95	
(1000, 50)	$m_Y > 2m_X$	σ_{LO} [pb]	$1.094 \times 10^0 {}^{+16.4}_{-13.3} \pm 3.1\%$	$3.268 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+18.0}_{-14.4} \pm 3.3\%$	$9.137 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+19.7}_{-15.6} \pm 4.1\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$1.221 \times 10^0 {}^{+4.3}_{-5.6} \pm 1.7\%$	$3.416 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+4.6}_{-6.0} \pm 1.7\%$	$8.807 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+4.9}_{-6.6} \pm 2.0\%$	
		K factor	1.12	1.05	0.96	
(995, 500)	$m_Y \lesssim 2m_X$	σ_{LO} [pb]	$2.169 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+16.4}_{-13.3} \pm 3.4\%$	$6.777 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+18.0}_{-14.4} \pm 3.6\%$	$1.981 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+19.7}_{-15.6} \pm 4.4\%$	
		σ_{NLO} [pb]	$2.497 \times 10^{-1} {}^{+5.3}_{-6.2} \pm 1.8\%$	$7.223 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+5.5}_{-6.6} \pm 1.9\%$	$1.914 \times 10^{-2} {}^{+5.3}_{-6.8} \pm 2.1\%$	
		K factor	1.15	1.07	0.97	

Some results for mono-j: MET and pt jet distributions at LHC13

[arXiv:1508.05327 Backovic et al.]

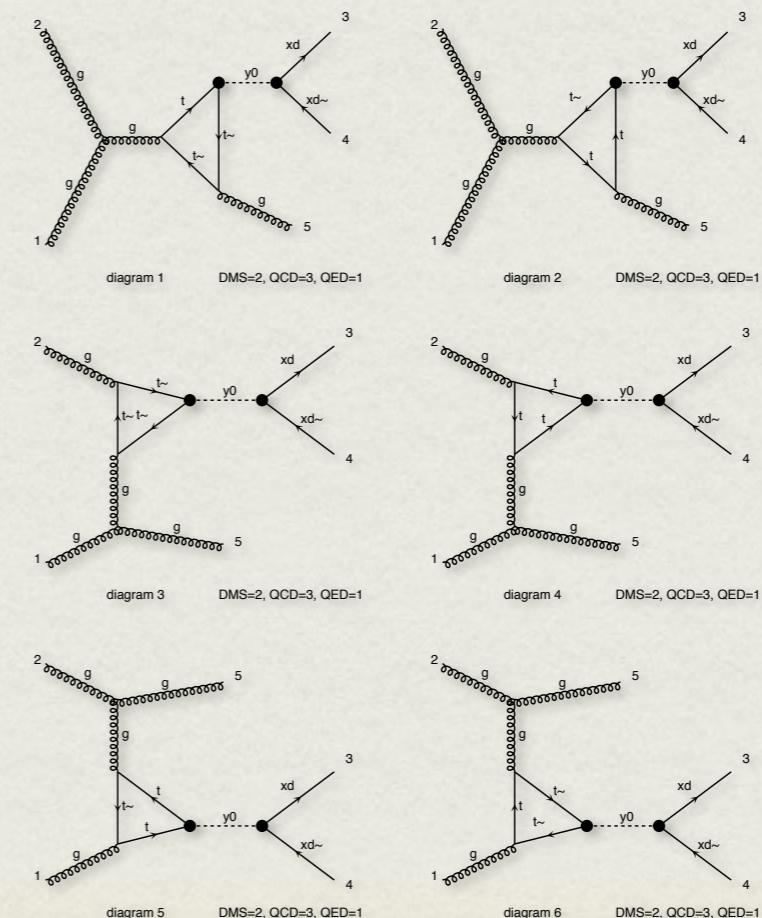


LOOP-INDUCED

- Loop-induced processes are now available in MG5_aMC (version **5.2.3**).
[V. Hirschi, O. Mattelaer 2015]
- Why is this important? It is likely that the **scalar mediator** couples proportional to quark masses, i.e. **mainly to the top**.
- Can be generated via

```
>import model DMsimp_s_spin0_EW_UFO  
>define p = p b b~  
>define j = p  
>generate p p > j xd xd~ [noborn=QCD]  
>output
```

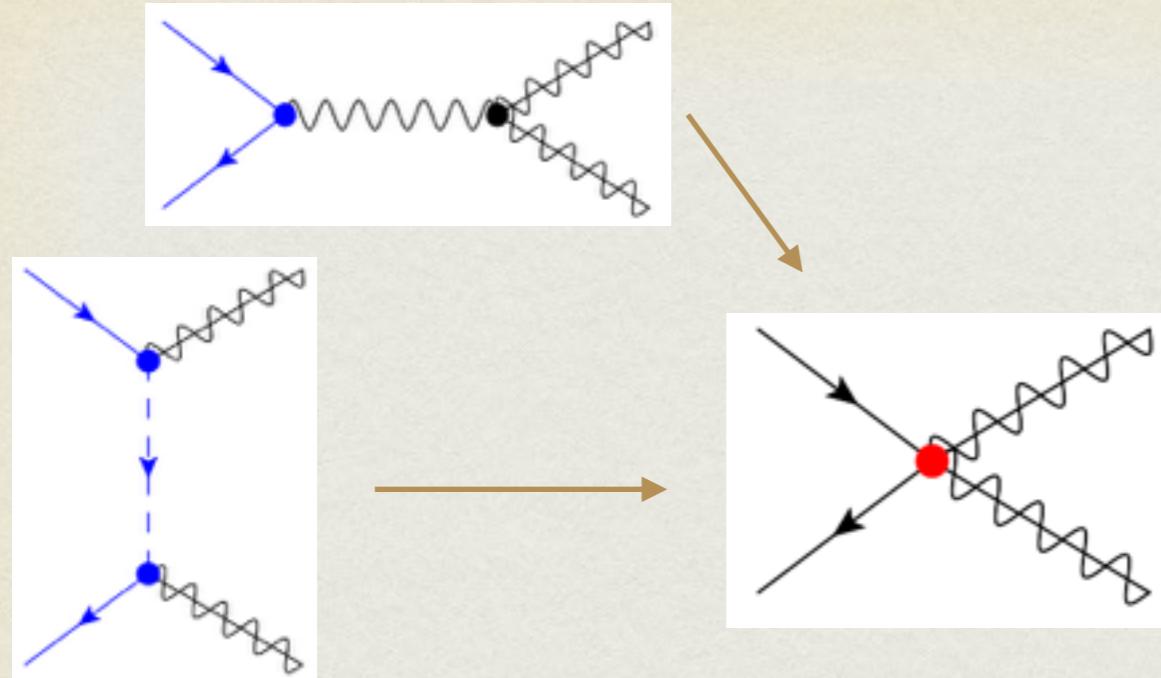
[1508.00564 O. Mattelaer, E. Vryonidou]



SUMMARY

- **s-channel DM simplified model** is implemented in the MG5_aMC framework.
 - It provides **automatic NLO QCD** prediction matched to **parton shower**.
 - In principle covers **any production channel**, such as mono-jet/Z/W/photon/Higgs/ttbar etc., plus loop-induced processes.
 - Available at <http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/DMsimp>
- Mono-Z/jet/ttbar and some loop-induced processes have been studied with details.
- Things to do
 - Pheno studies of more channels.
 - Implementation of more models: t-channel mediator, Higgs portal, etc.

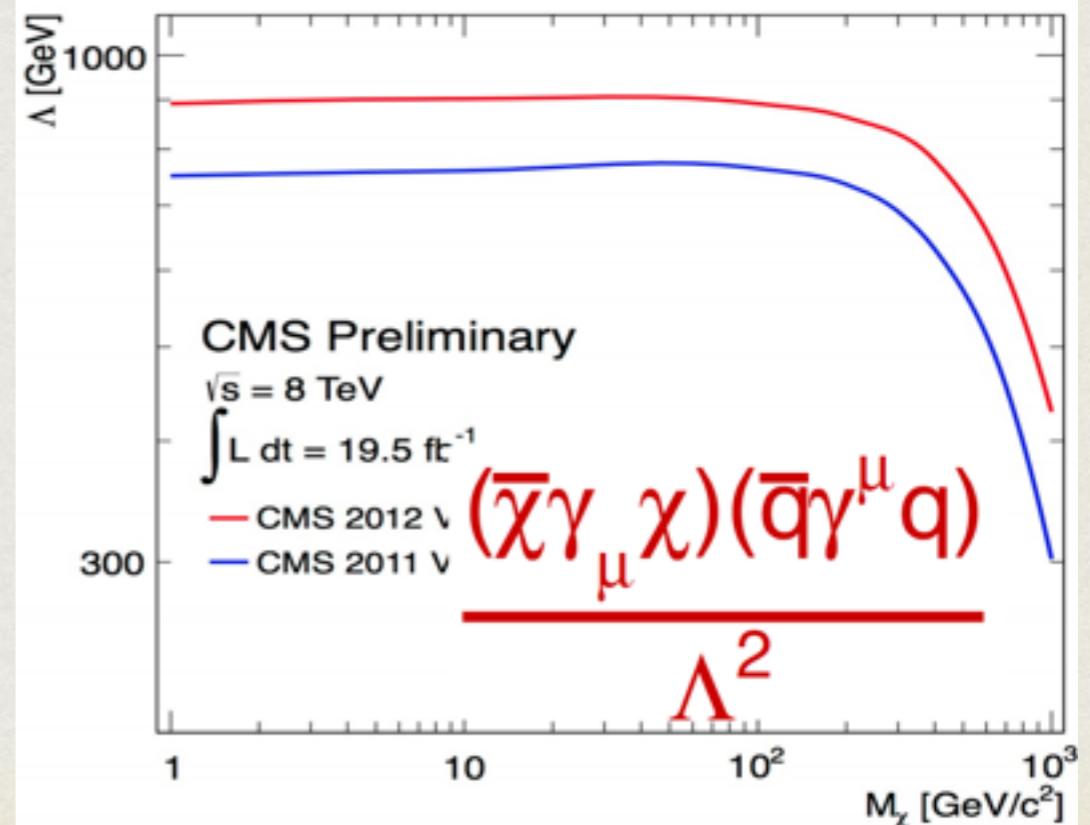
EFFECTIVE FIELD THEORY



Name	Type	G_χ	Γ^x	Γ^q
M1	qq	$m_q/2M_*^3$	1	1
M2	qq	$im_q/2M_*^3$	γ_5	1
M3	qq	$im_q/2M_*^3$	1	γ_5
M4	qq	$m_q/2M_*^3$	γ_5	γ_5
M5	qq	$1/2M_*^2$	$\gamma_5\gamma_\mu$	γ^μ
M6	qq	$1/2M_*^2$	$\gamma_5\gamma_\mu$	$\gamma_5\gamma^\mu$
M7	GG	$\alpha_s/8M_*^3$	1	-
M8	GG	$i\alpha_s/8M_*^3$	γ_5	-
M9	$G\tilde{G}$	$\alpha_s/8M_*^3$	1	-
M10	$G\tilde{G}$	$i\alpha_s/8M_*^3$	γ_5	-

J. Goodman et al 2010;
Y.Bai et al 2010;
Q.H.Cao et al 2009;
M. Beltran et al 2010;
P. J. Fox et al 2011

- Run-I mainly based on EFT.
- NLO available for mono-j and photon, in both MCFM and POWHEG.
- However, validity is always problem
 - bounds are at ~ 1 TeV but LHC can probe higher.
 - **Difficult to predict** where it breaks down: it depends on PDF and UV completion.



cross section vs. DM mass

